Quantum Computing @ CINECA

Al and Future - 15/05/2025

Daniele Ottaviani



Cineca Quantum Computing Lab

Teaching, Outreaching and Dissemination



European and National projects











Quantum Computing Resources

Cloud QC





?

Hybrid HPC-QC System



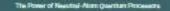




EuroQCS-Italy

- To be installed at Bologna DaMa Technopole in Q2 2026
- 140 qubits analog quantum simulator
- Customizable qubit topology
- Upgrade to a mixed analog/digital system in Q4 2026





Orion Beta



Quantum «EDU»



IQM CINECA

- Superconducting Digital Quantum Computer
- 54 qubits
- 90 couplers
- Delivery in Q4 2025

Cineca to house Italy's most powerful quantum computer IQM Radiance 54

17/03/2025

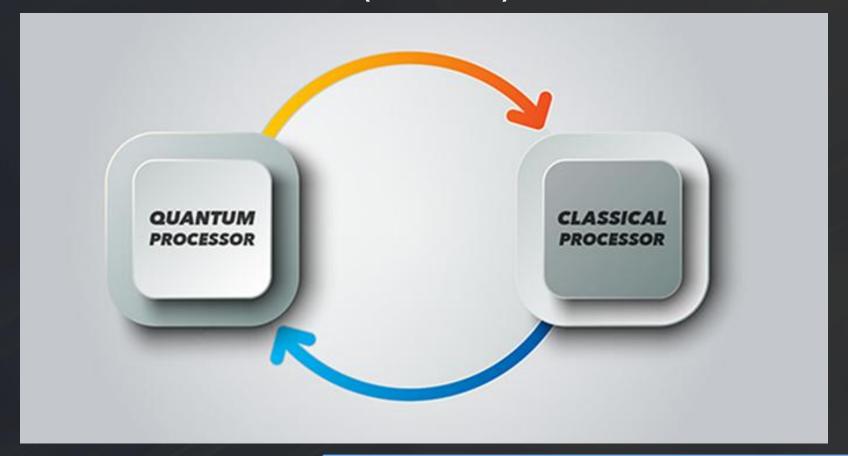
© 3 min. read

- IQM Radiance 54-qubit full-stack superconducting quantum computer will be integrated into Leonardo, one of the world's fastest supercomputers in Bologna, Italy.
- Cineca intends to use the system for optimisation of quantum applications, quantum cryptography, quantum communication and artificial intelligence quantum algorithms.
- IQM Radiance 54-qubit quantum computer is scheduled for delivery and installation in Q4 2025. The system will be the first and most powerful on-prem quantum computer in Cineca.



NISQ Quantum Computer

- Not able to run complex quantum computing algorithms
- Able to be used as HPC accelerators (like GPUs)



Quantum Computing and Simulations

Neutral Atom devices can natively realize quantum spin Hamiltonians

Digital superconducting devices can natively implement fast quantum algorithms

QUANTUM MATTER

NUCLEAR PHYSICS

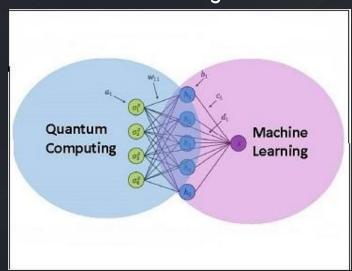
MANY-BODY DINAMICS

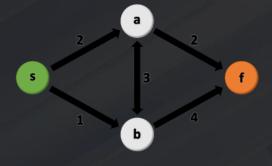
OPTIMIZATION

QUANTUM CHEMISTRY

MACHINE LEARNING

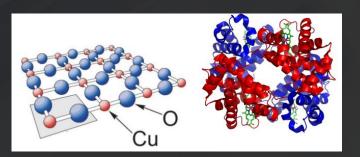
Quantum Machine Learning





Solving QUBO problems

Simulation of active site of proteins



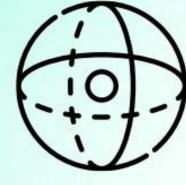


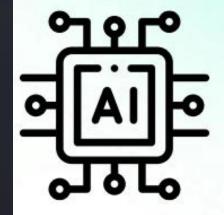
Quantum Al: a Two-Way Street

AI for Quantum Computing

Key to scale up systems

- Automatic calibration of multiple parameters
- Reduce the overhead of error mitigation
- AI enhanced decoders and transpilers for error correction

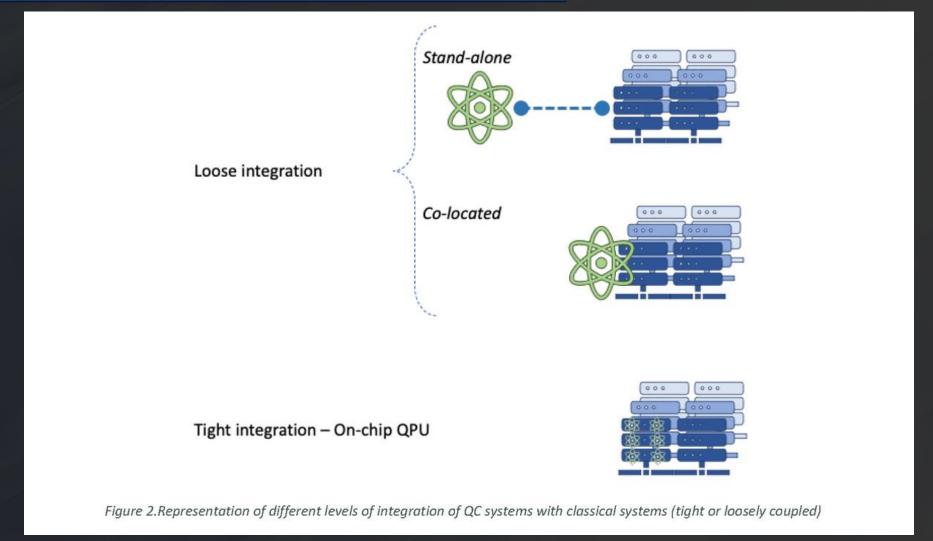




Quantum Computing for AI

Key to enhance certain tasks (forecasting, classification and generative) and to optimize training.

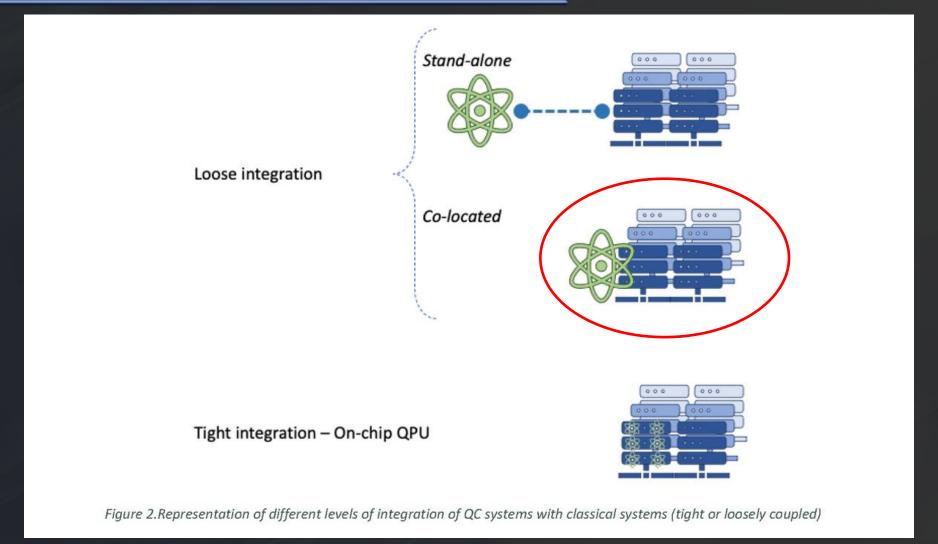
On-Premise QC



ETP4HPC White Paper: < QC | HPC > Quantum for HPC → https://www.etp4hpc.eu/white-papers.html#quantum



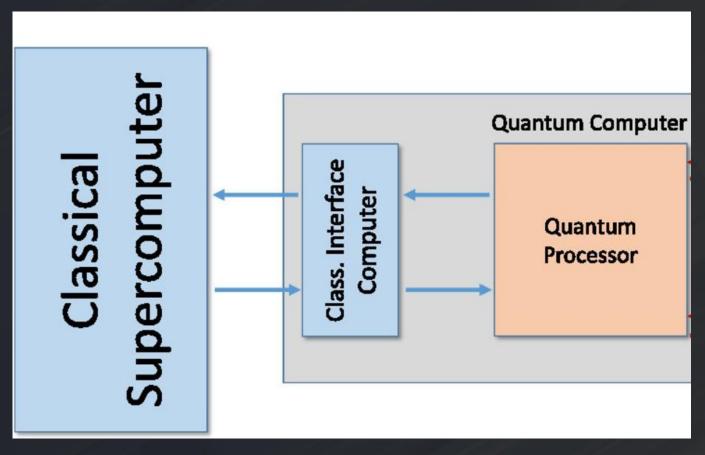
On-Premise QC



ETP4HPC White Paper: < QC | HPC > Quantum for HPC → https://www.etp4hpc.eu/white-papers.html#quantum



The Hardware part



- Beginners: Connecting the qc to a node
 - A commercial qc usually is set up to be connected to a classic computer via an Ethernet cable – easy part!
- Advanced: Hijack the connection
 - To achieve a tighter connection and eliminate unnecessary latencies, one could also consider connecting the HPC node directly to the QPU (without going through the control computer present in the QC)
 - This means installing firmware and operating systems for the QC on the HPC node, making it a de facto control system for the QPU

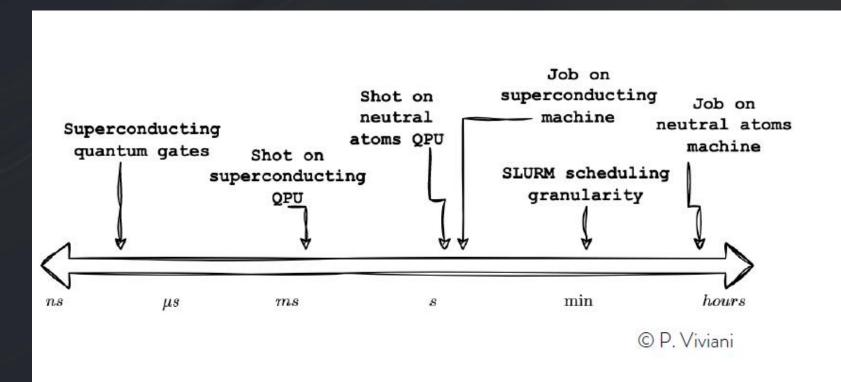
The Software part

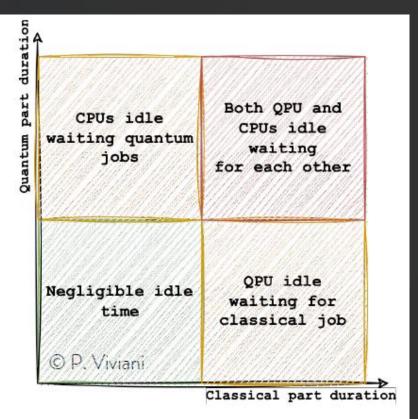


- Beginners: Use the QC without HPC
 - Usually the vendors that produce QC also develop SDKs that can talk to the control computer and consequently to the QPU
 - Installing and using such software is step 0 for integration
- Advanced: Use the QC as a part of an HPC job
 - SDKs provided by vendors often do not include the use of MPI and/or CUDA to take advantage of HPC
 - One solution might be to explore existing software (Nvidia CUDA Quantum, Eviden Qaptiva etc.)
 - Or work with the vendor to write a custom SDK



The Middleware part





Co-scheduling of hybrid jobs can excessively block quantum or classical resources



The EuroHPC JU has selected six sites across the European Union to host and operate the first EuroHPC quantum computers in:



France

Germany

Italy

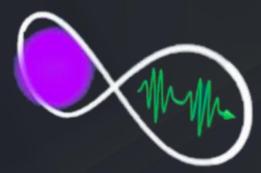
Poland

Spain





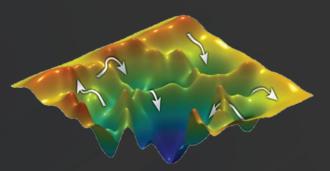
EuroQCS Italy



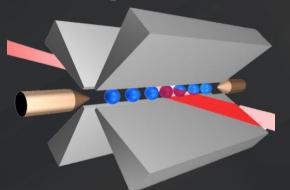
EuroQCS France







EuroQCS Spain

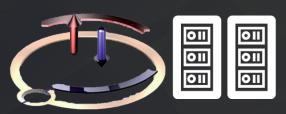


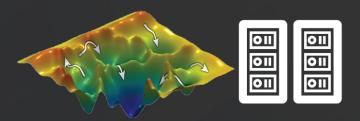
EuroQCS Poland









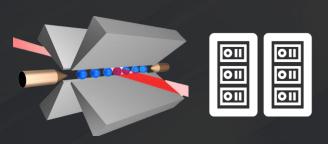


EuroQCS Italy

LUMI-Q

EuroQCS Spain





EuroQCS France

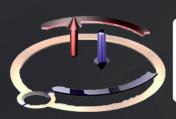
Euro-Q-Exa

EuroQCS Poland





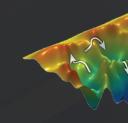
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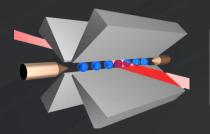
































quantum computers

Shared integration, development and support activities (LRZ)









- 4 years project
- Start: 01/03/2025
- 6 WPs (one for each HE) +
- 1 Management WP (Genci) +
- 1 Shared WP (LRZ)
- Our effort:
 - 156 PM in total (WP6 + WP2 + WP1)













Shared integration, development and support activities (LRZ)









OUR WP6 OBJECTIVES

- Integration of neutral atoms quantum computer (mixed digital/analog usage) with Leonardo supercomputer
- Integration of a cloud quantum computing service into our HPC service
- Interface and software stack development
- Development of HPC-QC test libraries

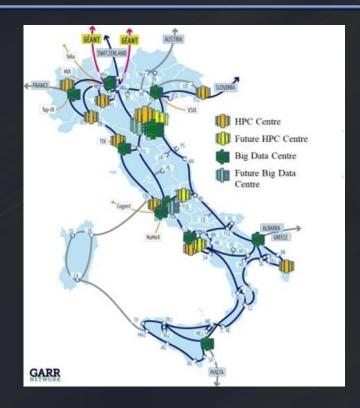






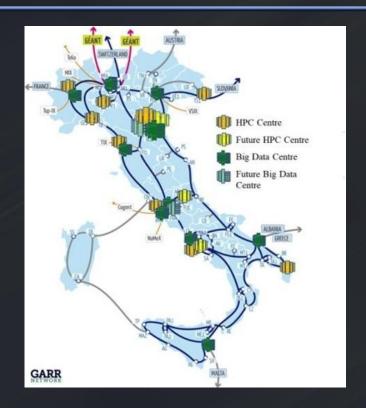










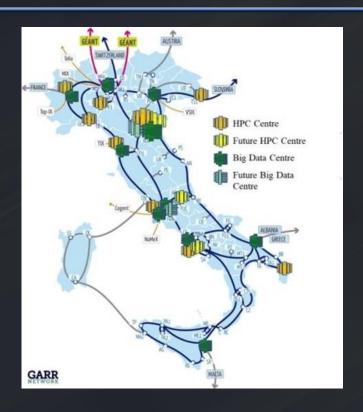




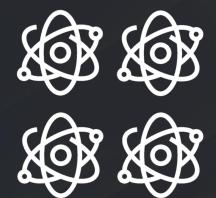














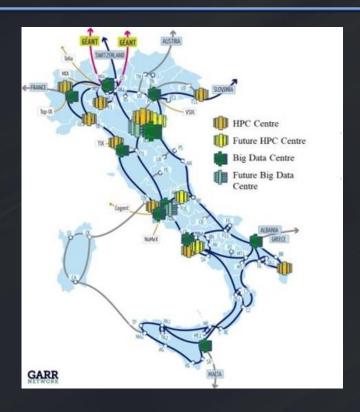
QUANTUM COMPUTING AND SIMULATION CENTER





EuroHPCJoint Undertaking













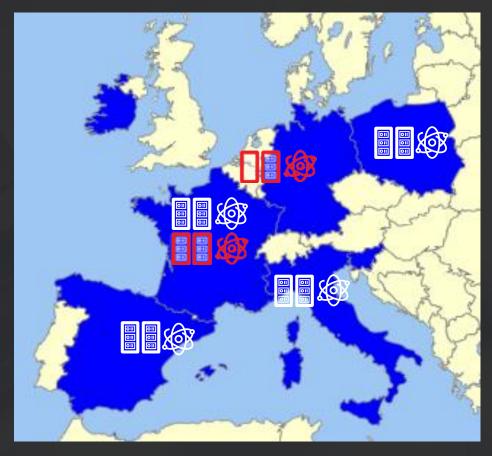


QUANTUM COMPUTING AND SIMULATION CENTER



EuroHPC Joint Undertaking

(HPC 0,5) EuroQHPC-I











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